



COURSE OVERVIEW

PCP-127 Lab II is a practical, simulation-based course that combines pre-lab skill preparation with structured lab-based practice. The course is designed to help students progress from foundational and Term 1 practical competency development to higher-complexity integrated patient-care performance in simulated emergency scenarios.

The pre-lab component prepares students for hands-on participation by reinforcing relevant equipment, procedures, safety principles, patient-care priorities, clinical decision-making expectations, professional behaviours, and scenario-performance standards before students participate in structured lab sessions. This includes preparation for trauma assessment and management, gastrointestinal and genitourinary presentations, intravenous therapy, shock recognition, hemorrhage control, pediatric and neonatal care, obstetrical care, psychiatric presentations, soft tissue and burn injuries, musculoskeletal injuries, spinal motion restriction, extrication principles, patient-transfer equipment, ambulance-operation considerations, and other Term 2 practical competencies.

The lab component allows students to practise, apply, and demonstrate Term 2 competencies through focused skill stations, integrated patient-care scenarios, facilitated case discussions, formative practical checkpoints, remediation, competency sign-off opportunities, and practical evaluation. *PCP-127 Lab II* functions as the primary practical application and evaluation course for the Term 2 lab competency set. Some knowledge and skills are introduced, reinforced, or supported in concurrent theory courses; however, students are evaluated on their ability to apply these competencies in the *PCP-127* lab environment.

Specific areas of focus include professional communication, active listening, non-verbal communication, empathy, compassion, emotional support, confidence, assertiveness, diplomacy, tact, discretion, conflict resolution, suspected abuse considerations, self-protection, hazardous-materials awareness, adverse environments, scene safety, rapid extrication principles, secondary trauma assessment, shock recognition, hemorrhage control, intravenous access and fluid administration, urinary catheter care, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, reproductive, toxicologic, immunologic, palliative, psychiatric, pediatric, neonatal, geriatric, bariatric, and special-population presentations, obstetrical emergencies and childbirth, pediatric and neonatal resuscitation, pediatric airway care, Neo-Mate and Pedi-Mate use, soft tissue injuries, wound care, burns, eye injuries, penetrating wounds, local cold injuries, head, thoracic, abdominal, pelvic, spinal, and musculoskeletal injuries, fracture management, vehicle equipment, ambulance operation, air medical transport considerations, collaboration with health care professionals and emergency response agencies, and integrated multi-system simulated patient-care scenarios.



MEETING TIMES & INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

Pre-Lab	Mondays (Cohort A) 14:45
Lab Sessions:	Wednesdays: (Groups A, B, C, D) 08:30 – 12:00 / 13:00 – 16:30 Fridays: (Groups A, B, C, D) 08:30 – 12:00 / 13:00 – 16:30
Total hours:	58

REQUIRED MATERIALS, PREREQUISITES & COREQUISITES

Textbook

OLS Academy Clinical Practice Guidelines

OLS Academy Skill Resource Manual

Caroline, N. (2021). *Emergency Care in the Streets, Canadian Edition 8th ed.* Burlington, MA, Jones and Bartlett Learning.

Class Materials

Students are expected to bring required practical equipment to all lab sessions, including stethoscope, penlight, watch or timing device, required PPE, writing materials, access to assigned pre-lab materials, and access to CompTracker.

Prerequisites: PCP-117 Lab I

Corequisites: PCP-100, PCP-108, PCP-124, PCP-129

INSTRUCTOR(S)

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LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Learning outcomes for *PCP-127 Lab II* are guided by the knowledge, skills, patient presentations, clinical decision-making expectations, and competency requirements introduced across the Term 2 co-requisite courses. These include:

- PCP-108 Special Considerations
- PCP-100 Professional Prep
- PCP-124 Medical II
- PCP-129 Trauma II

PCP-127 Lab II functions as the primary practical application and evaluation course for Term 2. The course combines pre-lab skill preparation with structured lab-based practice,



allowing students to progress from foundational and discrete skill development to integrated simulated patient-care performance involving higher-complexity medical, traumatic, obstetrical, pediatric, neonatal, geriatric, psychiatric, and special-population presentations.

The pre-lab component prepares students for hands-on participation by reinforcing relevant equipment, procedures, safety considerations, skill sequencing, clinical decision-making expectations, and scenario-performance standards. The lab component provides the environment in which students practise, integrate, and demonstrate selected Term 2 competencies through skill stations, simulated emergency scenarios, facilitated case discussion, competency sign-off opportunities, formative checkpoints, remediation, and practical evaluation.

Through successful participation in this course, students are expected to integrate knowledge, psychomotor skills, communication, scene management, clinical reasoning, reassessment, professionalism, documentation, and patient-safety principles in preparation for progression to clinical practicum and ambulance preceptorship environments.

By the end of *PCP-127 Lab II*, the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate professional communication, active listening, non-verbal communication, empathy, compassion, emotional support, confidence, assertiveness, diplomacy, tact, discretion, conflict-resolution behaviours, and patient-centred communication during simulated patient-care encounters.
- Recognize and manage legal, ethical, and safety considerations during simulated calls, including suspected abuse, self-protection, hazardous-materials awareness, adverse environments, scene safety, patient dignity, and safe interaction with patients experiencing emotional, psychiatric, cognitive, behavioural, or situational distress.
- Perform organized assessments and management plans for simulated patients experiencing gastrointestinal, genitourinary, reproductive, toxicologic, immunologic, palliative, psychiatric, non-urgent, neurological, obstetrical, pediatric, neonatal, geriatric, bariatric, and special-population presentations.
- Perform organized trauma assessments and management plans for simulated patients experiencing shock, hemorrhage, soft tissue injuries, burns, eye injuries, penetrating wounds, local cold injuries, head injuries, thoracic injuries, abdominal injuries, pelvic injuries, spinal injuries, and musculoskeletal injuries.
- Demonstrate integrated trauma-care skills including hemorrhage control, wound care, burn care, fracture management, spinal motion restriction, rapid extrication principles, patient movement, packaging, reassessment, communication, and transport-priority decision-making.



- Demonstrate pediatric and neonatal assessment, airway, ventilation, resuscitation, immobilization, and transport-support skills, including use of appropriate pediatric and neonatal equipment such as Pedi-Mate and Neo-Mate where applicable.
- Demonstrate intravenous access, intravenous fluid administration, direct-pressure fluid administration, intravenous medication-route considerations, urinary catheter care, and related safety, reassessment, and documentation expectations within simulated PCP-level patient-care scenarios.
- Integrate obstetrical assessment and care, childbirth assistance, neonatal assessment, neonatal resuscitation priorities, maternal reassessment, communication, and transport-priority decision-making in simulated obstetrical and neonatal scenarios.
- Provide assessment and care for special populations, including neonatal, pediatric, geriatric, bariatric, palliative, psychiatric, physically impaired, cognitively impaired, and behaviourally complex patients.
- Integrate vehicle equipment, ambulance operation, patient movement, extrication principles, air medical transport considerations, and collaboration with health care professionals and emergency response agencies into simulated patient-care and operational decision-making where applicable.

INTENDED LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Learning objectives for *PCP-127 Lab II* are guided by the National Occupational Competency Profiles (NOCP) for Paramedics. Each objective, indicated by the prefix “O”, is linked to the corresponding NOCP sub-competency with the matching alpha-numerical code. As per the NOCP guidelines for paramedics, to succeed in this course, students must demonstrate competence in the following areas as they apply to the Term 2 lab environment.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O1.7.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 1.7.b.1 - Describe the ethical and legal requirements for reporting real or suspected situations of abuse, from ethical and legal perspectives. ○ 1.7.b.2 - Comply with reporting requirements. ○ 1.7.b.3 - Adapt care and scene management, to fulfill reporting requirements.
O2.3.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.3.a.1 - Describe non-verbal behaviors. ○ 2.3.a.2 - List examples of non-verbal behaviors that may impact others positively and negatively. ○ 2.3.a.3 - Identify cultural factors that may affect non-verbal communication. ○ 2.3.a.4 - Identify growth and development factors, which may affect non-verbal communication. ○ 2.3.a.5 - Identify personal factors, which may affect non-verbal communication. ○ 2.3.a.6 - Acknowledge the relationship between positive non-verbal behavior and personal feelings. ○ 2.3.a.7 - Demonstrate non-verbal behavior that positively impacts communication.
O2.3.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.3.b.1 - Define "active listening." ○ 2.3.b.2 - Acknowledge the relationship between sincerity, genuine interest, and active listening. ○ 2.3.b.3 - Perform active listening in interactions with colleagues, patients, and others. ○ 2.3.b.4 - Communicate openly, despite the impeding nonverbal behavior of others.
O2.4.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.b.1 - Define "empathy," "compassion," and "sympathy." ○ 2.4.b.2 - Distinguish between empathy, sympathy, and compassion. ○ 2.4.b.3 - Describe behaviors that convey empathy and compassion. ○ 2.4.b.4 - Demonstrate empathy and compassion. ○ 2.4.b.5 - Value empathy and compassion.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O2.4.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.c.1 - List common emotional reactions exhibited by patients, relatives, bystanders, and paramedics. ○ 2.4.c.2 - List common coping mechanisms and describe positive and negative aspects of coping mechanisms. ○ 2.4.c.3 - Identify verbal means of supporting others displaying emotional reactions and coping mechanisms. ○ 2.4.c.4 - Identify non-verbal means of supporting others displaying emotional reactions and coping mechanisms. ○ 2.4.c.5 - Value the provision of emotional support. ○ 2.4.c.6 - Demonstrate behaviors that provide emotional support. ○ 2.4.c.7 - Identify community resources that may assist those in need.
O2.4.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.d.1 - Discuss confidence. ○ 2.4.d.2 - Identify the impact of confidence on patient care. ○ 2.4.d.3 - Identify risks associated with over confidence. ○ 2.4.d.4 - Choose behaviors that display confidence. ○ 2.4.d.5 - Adjust behavior to exhibit an appropriate level of confidence.
O2.4.e	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.e.1 - Discuss assertive behavior and aggressive behavior. ○ 2.4.e.2 - Distinguish between assertive and aggressive behavior. ○ 2.4.e.3 - Describe techniques of assertive behavior and evaluate assertive behavior. ○ 2.4.e.4 - Choose assertive behavior when appropriate. ○ 2.4.e.5 - Perform appropriate assertive behavior, in interactions. ○ 2.4.e.6 - Adapt assertive behavior as appropriate.
O2.4.f	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.f.1 - Define "diplomacy," "tact," and "discretion." ○ 2.4.f.2 - Evaluate the impact of diplomacy, tact, and discretion. ○ 2.4.f.3 - Value diplomacy, tact, and discretion. ○ 2.4.f.4 - Adapt behavior to show diplomacy, tact, and discretion.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O2.4.g	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2.4.g.1 - Define “conflict” and identify situations of potential conflict. ○ 2.4.g.2 - Discuss basic conflict resolution strategies. ○ 2.4.g.3 - Justify the use of basic conflict resolution skills. ○ 2.4.g.4 - Demonstrate basic conflict resolution skills.
O3.2.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 3.2.b.1 - List equipment required for a patient transfer. ○ 3.2.b.2 - Describe indications for equipment use related to a patient transfer. ○ 3.2.b.3 - Identify specifications of the equipment to be used for a patient transfer, including equipment for special patient populations. ○ 3.2.b.4 - Explain techniques of a patient transfer, using specified equipment. ○ 3.2.b.5 - Perform patient transfers.
O3.3.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 3.3.c.1 - Describe basic, nonmechanical patient extrication principles. ○ 3.3.c.2 - Apply basic, nonmechanical patient extrication principles. ○ 3.3.c.3 - Integrate basic, nonmechanical patient extrication principles.
O3.3.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 3.3.d.1 - Describe methods of defusing. ○ 3.3.d.2 - Describe methods of self-protection. ○ 3.3.d.3 - Apply methods of defusing and self-protection. ○ 3.3.d.4 - Choose methods of defusing and self-protection. ○ 3.3.d.5 - Adapt methods of defusing and self-protection. ○ 3.3.d.6 - Apply safety precautions, when dealing with patients suffering from psychiatric illnesses.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O4.3.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 4.3.b.1 - Explain secondary assessment.○ 4.3.b.2 - Distinguish between trauma assessment and secondary medical assessment.○ 4.3.b.3 - Evaluate life-threatening findings, from the secondary assessment.○ 4.3.b.4 - Apply appropriate sequential techniques, for the secondary assessment.○ 4.3.b.5 - Apply the secondary assessment, to different age groups.○ 4.3.b.6 - Perform techniques for a secondary assessment.○ 4.3.b.7 - Adapt assessment techniques, to secondary assessment findings.○ 4.3.b.8 - Infer a provisional diagnosis.
O4.3.f	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 4.3.f.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific illnesses and injuries related to the female reproductive system.○ 4.3.f.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the obstetrical patient.○ 4.3.f.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of the illnesses and injuries related to the female reproductive system.○ 4.3.f.4 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for illnesses and injuries related to the female reproductive system.○ 4.3.f.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to history findings related to the female reproductive system.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O4.3.g	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 4.3.g.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific gastrointestinal illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.g.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the gastrointestinal system.○ 4.3.g.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of gastrointestinal system illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.g.4 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for gastrointestinal illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.g.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to gastrointestinal history findings.
O4.3.h	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 4.3.h.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific genitourinary / reproductive illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.h.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the genitourinary / reproductive system.○ 4.3.h.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of genitourinary / reproductive system illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.h.4 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for genitourinary / reproductive illnesses and injuries.○ 4.3.h.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to genitourinary / reproductive history findings.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O4.3.i	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.i.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific integumentary illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.i.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the integumentary system. ○ 4.3.i.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of integumentary system illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.i.4 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for integumentary illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.i.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to integumentary history findings.
O4.3.j	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.j.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific musculoskeletal illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.j.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the musculoskeletal system. ○ 4.3.j.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of musculoskeletal system illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.j.4 - Perform assessment techniques, for musculoskeletal illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.j.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to musculoskeletal history findings.
O4.3.k	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.k.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific ears, eyes, nose, and throat illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.k.2 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to the ears, eyes, nose, and throat. ○ 4.3.k.3 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of ears, eyes, nose, and throat illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.k.4 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for ears, eyes, nose, and throat illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.k.5 - Adapt assessment techniques, to ears, eyes, nose, and throat history findings.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O4.3.1	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.1.1 - Define, “neonatal patient.” ○ 4.3.1.2 - Explain the pathophysiology of neonatal illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.1.3 - Apply assessment techniques, neonatal patients. ○ 4.3.1.4 - Evaluate findings related to the etiology, pathophysiology, and manifestations of neonatal illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.1.5 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for neonatal illnesses and injuries. ○ 4.3.1.6 - Adjust assessment techniques, to neonatal history findings.
O4.3.m	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.m.1 - Distinguish between the “mentally well” and the “mentally unwell” person. ○ 4.3.m.2 - Explain the pathophysiology of psychiatric disorders. ○ 4.3.m.3 - Apply assessment techniques, specific to psychiatric disorders. ○ 4.3.m.4 - Evaluate psychiatric assessment findings. ○ 4.3.m.5 - Demonstrate assessment techniques, for psychiatric disorders.
O4.3.n	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.n.1 - Define, “pediatric patient.” ○ 4.3.n.2 - Explain developmental parameters. ○ 4.3.n.3 - Describe the anatomical and physiological differences, between the adult and pediatric patient. ○ 4.3.n.4 - Explain variations in assessment findings, between the adult and pediatric patient. ○ 4.3.n.5 - Modify assessment approach for the pediatric patient.
O4.3.o	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 4.3.o.1 - Define “geriatric patient.” ○ 4.3.o.2 - Discuss the effects of the aging process. ○ 4.3.o.3 - Explain variations in assessment findings. ○ 4.3.o.4 - Demonstrate appropriate assessment techniques, for the geriatric patient. ○ 4.3.o.5 - Modify assessment approach.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O4.3.p	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 4.3.p.1 - Define “bariatric patient.”○ 4.3.p.2 - Discuss the effects of obesity.○ 4.3.p.3 - Explain variations in assessment findings.○ 4.3.p.4 - Demonstrate appropriate assessment techniques for the bariatric patient.○ 4.3.p.5 - Modify assessment approach.
O5.1.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 5.1.d.1 - Explain the purpose and indications for inserting an oropharyngeal airway.○ 5.1.d.2 - Discuss oropharyngeal airway types and sizes.○ 5.1.d.3 - Perform oropharyngeal airway sizing procedures.○ 5.1.d.4 - Perform insertion of an oropharyngeal airway.○ 5.1.d.5 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O5.5.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.a.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for CPR. ○ 5.5.a.2 - List the steps for CPR administration in a variety of presentations. ○ 5.5.a.3 - Perform CPR on various age groups. ○ 5.5.a.4 - Perform CPR while moving a patient from site of collapse. ○ 5.5.a.5 - Discuss potential complications of CPR. ○ 5.5.a.6 - Adapt to changes in patient presentation.
O5.5.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.b.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for hemorrhage control through the use of direct pressure and patient positioning. ○ 5.5.b.2 - List the steps for hemorrhage control through the use of direct pressure and patient positioning. ○ 5.5.b.3 - Perform hemorrhage control through the use of direct pressure and patient positioning. ○ 5.5.b.4 - Discuss potential complications of hemorrhage control through the use of direct pressure and patient positioning. ○ 5.5.b.5 - Adapt to changes in patient presentation.
O5.5.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.c.1 - Describe equipment for peripheral IV infusion. ○ 5.5.c.2 - Identify factors that affect the flow rate. ○ 5.5.c.3 - Demonstrate the ability to discontinue an infusion following sequential steps. ○ 5.5.c.4 - Adjust devices as required to maintain flow rates.
O5.5.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.d.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for peripheral IV cannulation. ○ 5.5.d.2 - List the steps of peripheral IV cannulation. ○ 5.5.d.3 - Perform peripheral IV cannulation. ○ 5.5.d.4 - Discuss potential complications of peripheral IV cannulation. ○ 5.5.d.5 - Adapt to changes in patient presentation.
O5.5.f	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.f.1 - Discuss purposes of and indications for pressure infusion. ○ 5.5.f.2 - Discuss the principles and techniques for applying added pressure to an infusion line. ○ 5.5.f.3 - Perform direct pressure infusions. ○ 5.5.f.4 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O5.5.j	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.j.1 - Distinguish between automated external defibrillation and manual defibrillation. ○ 5.5.j.2 - Describe the purposes of manual defibrillation. ○ 5.5.j.3 - Identify the indications for manual defibrillation. ○ 5.5.j.4 - Identify the various types of manual defibrillators. ○ 5.5.j.5 - Identify complications to the use of manual defibrillation.
O5.5.o	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.5.o.1 - Identify the purpose of a urinary catheter. ○ 5.5.o.2 - Identify equipment for catheterization. ○ 5.5.o.3 - Explain how the size of the catheter can affect the patient. ○ 5.5.o.4 - Explain relationship between urine output and patient condition. ○ 5.5.o.5 - Demonstrate the appropriate technique when caring for equipment and patient. ○ 5.5.o.6 - Explain potential complications to catheter care. ○ 5.5.o.7 - Demonstrate how to drain and measure urine output. ○ 5.5.o.8 - Adapt care procedures to patient presentation.
O5.6.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.6.a.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for soft tissue dressing, bandaging and immobilization. ○ 5.6.a.2 - Describe the various types of dressings and bandages. ○ 5.6.a.3 - Perform appropriate dressing, bandaging and immobilization procedures. ○ 5.6.a.4 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.
O5.6.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.6.b.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for dressing a burn. ○ 5.6.b.2 - Describe types of burn dressings. ○ 5.6.b.3 - Demonstrate application of burn dressing. ○ 5.6.b.4 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.
O5.6.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.6.c.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for an eye dressing. ○ 5.6.c.2 - Describe types of eye dressings. ○ 5.6.c.3 - Demonstrate application of eye dressing. ○ 5.6.c.4 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O5.6.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.6.d.1 - Identify the purposes of and indications for dressing a penetration wound. ○ 5.6.d.2 - Describe types of penetration wound dressings. ○ 5.6.d.3 - Demonstrate application of penetration wound dressing. ○ 5.6.d.4 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.
O5.6.e	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.6.e.1 - Describe methods for local cold injury assessment. ○ 5.6.e.2 - Identify the purposes of and indications for caring for local cold injury. ○ 5.6.e.3 - Identify the types of tissue damage that may result from local cold injury. ○ 5.6.e.4 - Demonstrate provision of care for local cold injury. ○ 5.6.e.5 - Adjust to changes in patient presentation.
O5.7.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.7.a.1 - Identify signs and symptoms of possible fractures to the appendicular skeleton. ○ 5.7.a.2 - Distinguish between open and closed fractures. ○ 5.7.a.3 - Evaluate commercially manufactured splints for use based on patient presentation. ○ 5.7.a.4 - Modify splints to meet patient needs. ○ 5.7.a.5 - Explain how the mechanism of injury and illness can affect injuries to the appendicular skeleton. ○ 5.7.a.6 - Perform appropriate treatment to suspected fracture.
O5.7.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.7.b.1 - Identify signs and symptoms of possible fracture injury to the axial skeleton. ○ 5.7.b.2 - Describe the relationship of kinematics to potential spinal injury. ○ 5.7.b.3 - Evaluate commercially manufactured immobilization devices for use based on patient presentation. ○ 5.7.b.4 - Modify immobilization devices to meet patient needs. ○ 5.7.b.5 - Perform treatment of suspected fractures involving the axial skeleton.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O5.8.e	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 5.8.e.1 - Describe medical conditions and patient indications for intravenous administration of a medication. ○ 5.8.e.2 - Apply proper calculations for correct medication requirement for the patient presentation. ○ 5.8.e.3 - Identify those approved drugs that are given via intravenous routes. ○ 5.8.e.4 - Explain the benefit of medication administration via intravenous route in comparison to other routes.
O6.1.b	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.b.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.3 - Explain how patient history relates to a patient presenting with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a patient with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for a patient with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.6 - Discuss potential complications of neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.7 - Adapt care based on a patient presenting with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.8 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of a patient with neurological conditions. ○ 6.1.b.9 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for patients with neurological conditions.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
<p>O6.1.d</p>	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.d.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with genitourinary / reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.3 - Explain how patient history relates to a patient presenting with genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a patient presenting with genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for a patient with genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.6 - Discuss potential complications of genitourinary / reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.7 - Adapt care based on a patient presenting with genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.8 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of a patient with genitourinary /reproductive conditions. ○ 6.1.d.9 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for a patient with genitourinary /reproductive conditions.
<p>O6.1.f</p>	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.f.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.3 - Explain how patient history relates to a patient presenting with integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a patient presenting with integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for a patient experiencing integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.6 - Discuss potential complications of integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.7 - Adapt care based on a patient presenting with integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.8 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of a patient with integumentary conditions. ○ 6.1.f.9 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for a patient with integumentary conditions.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.1.h	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.h.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.3 - Explain how patient history relates to a patient presenting with immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a patient presenting with immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for a patient presenting with immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.6 - Discuss potential complications of immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.7 - Adapt care based on a patient presenting with immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.8 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment, and transport of a patient experiencing immunologic conditions. ○ 6.1.h.9 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for a patient experiencing immunologic conditions.
O6.1.j	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.j.1 - Explain the pathophysiology of specific ear, eye, nose and throat conditions. ○ 6.1.j.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with ear, eye, nose and throat conditions. ○ 6.1.j.3 - Explain how patient history relates to patient presenting with an issue related to the ear, eye, nose or throat. ○ 6.1.j.4 - Explain how age, gender, and health status relate to the patient presenting with an issue related to the ear, eye, nose or throat. ○ 6.1.j.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis on the patient experiencing an issue with the ear, eye, nose or throat. ○ 6.1.j.6 - Discuss potential complications of ear, eye, nose and throat conditions. ○ 6.1.j.7 - Adapt care based on a patient presenting with issue(s) related to the ear, eye, nose or throat. ○ 6.1.j.8 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of a patient experiencing an issue(s) related to the ear, eye, nose or throat. ○ 6.1.j.9 - Justify approach, assessment, care, and transport decisions for the patient experiencing an issue(s) related to the ear, eye, nose or throat.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.1.k	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.k.1 - Describe the pathophysiology and presentations of the specific poisons and overdoses. ○ 6.1.k.2 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with medical or physical disorders created from a poisoning or overdose event. ○ 6.1.k.3 - Explain how patient history relates to patient presentation for someone experiencing a poison or overdose. ○ 6.1.k.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to the presentation of a patient experiencing a poison or overdose. ○ 6.1.k.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for a patient experiencing a poison or overdose. ○ 6.1.k.6 - Adapt care based on the presentation of a patient experiencing a poison or overdose. ○ 6.1.k.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment, and transport of a patient experiencing a poison or overdose. ○ 6.1.k.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care, and transport decisions for patients experiencing a poison or overdose.
O6.1.1	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.1.1 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with non-urgent problem. ○ 6.1.1.2 - Distinguish between urgent and non-urgent problems. ○ 6.1.1.3 - Explain how patient history relates to patient presenting with a non-urgent problem. ○ 6.1.1.4 - Explain how age, gender, and health status relate to a patient presenting with a non-urgent problem. ○ 6.1.1.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for the patient experiencing a non-urgent problem. ○ 6.1.1.6 - Adapt care based on the presentation of a patient experiencing a non-urgent problem. ○ 6.1.1.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment, and referral of a non-urgent patient. ○ 6.1.1.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care and referral decisions for the patient experiencing a non-urgent problem.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.1.m	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 6.1.m.1 - Explain the approach to a palliative patient.○ 6.1.m.2 - Identify disease processes that contribute to terminal illness.○ 6.1.m.3 - Explain how patient history relates to a palliative patient presentation.○ 6.1.m.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a palliative patient presentation.○ 6.1.m.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for the palliative patient.○ 6.1.m.6 - Adapt care based on the palliative patient presentation.○ 6.1.m.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment, and transport of a palliative patient.○ 6.1.m.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care, and transport decisions for the palliative patient.
O6.1.n	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ 6.1.n.1 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with signs and symptoms due to exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.2 - Discuss conditions resulting from exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.3 - Explain how patient history relates to the presentation of a patient experiencing exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to the presentation of a patient with exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis for the patient with exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.6 - Adapt care based on presentation of the patient experiencing exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment, and transport of a patient experiencing exposure to adverse environments.○ 6.1.n.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for the patient experiencing exposure to adverse environments.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.1.o	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.o.1 - Discuss how trauma indices (scores) relate to triage and transport decisions. ○ 6.1.o.2 - Explain how age, gender, and health status relate to a trauma patient presentation. ○ 6.1.o.3 - Prioritize treatment and transport decisions for trauma patients. ○ 6.1.o.4 - Adapt care based on the trauma patient presentation. ○ 6.1.o.5 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for a trauma patient.
O6.1.p	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.p.1 - Explain the approach to a patient presenting with psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.2 - Discuss conditions that may precipitate psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.3 - Explain how patient history relates to the presentation of a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.4 - Explain how age, gender and health status relate to a patient presenting with a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.5 - Infer a differential diagnosis with a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.6 - Adapt care based on the presentation of a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.7 - Adjust care based on the presentation of a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.8 - Integrate care based on the presentation experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.9 - Demonstrate the ability to approach, assess, treat and transport a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.10 - Integrate the approach assessment, treatment and transport of a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis. ○ 6.1.p.11 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for a patient experiencing a psychiatric crisis.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.1.q	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.1.q.1 - Explain the approach to an obstetrical patient. ○ 6.1.q.2 - Describe disease processes that interfere with the Labour and delivery. ○ 6.1.q.3 - Describe complications of Labour and delivery. ○ 6.1.q.4 - Explain how patient history relates to obstetrical patient presentation. ○ 6.1.q.5 - Explain how age and health status relate to the obstetrical patient presentation. ○ 6.1.q.6 - Discuss indications that suggest the need to prepare for imminent delivery. ○ 6.1.q.7 - Adapt care based on fetal and maternal presentation. ○ 6.1.q.8 - Demonstrate the ability to manage an imminent delivery. ○ 6.1.q.9 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of an obstetrical patient. ○ 6.1.q.10 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions of the obstetrical patient.
O6.2.a	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.2.a.1 - Describe disease processes that interfere with neonatal life functions. ○ 6.2.a.2 - Describe relationship between gestational age, presentation and care. ○ 6.2.a.3 - Adapt care based on neonatal patient presentation. ○ 6.2.a.4 - Describe potential complications with neonatal patients. ○ 6.2.a.5 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of the neonatal patient. ○ 6.2.a.6 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions of the neonatal patient.
O6.2.b	<p>By the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.2.b.1 - Identify possible abuse or neglect of the pediatric patient. ○ 6.2.b.2 - Integrate variations to approach, treatment and transport for the pediatric patient. ○ 6.2.b.3 - Justify variations in approach, treatment and transport decisions of the pediatric patient.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O6.2.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.2.c.1 - Identify possible abuse or neglect of the geriatric patient. ○ 6.2.c.2 - Integrate variations to the approach, treatment and transport methods for the geriatric patient. ○ 6.2.c.3 - Justify variations in approach, treatment and transport decisions of the geriatric patient.
O6.2.d	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.2.d.1 - Define "physically impaired patient". ○ 6.2.d.2 - Modify assessment approach for the physically impaired patient. ○ 6.2.d.3 - Identify common medical emergencies associated with physically impaired patients. ○ 6.2.d.4 - Identify common trauma emergencies associated with physically impaired patients. ○ 6.2.d.5 - Identify possible abuse or neglect of the physically impaired patient. ○ 6.2.d.6 - Demonstrate appropriate assessment techniques for the physically impaired patient. ○ 6.2.d.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of the physically impaired patient. ○ 6.2.d.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions for the physically impaired patient.
O6.2.e	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 6.2.e.1 - Define "mentally-impaired patient". ○ 6.2.e.2 - Modify assessment approach for the mentally impaired patient. ○ 6.2.e.3 - Identify common medical emergencies associated with mentally impaired patients. ○ 6.2.e.4 - Identify common trauma emergencies associated with mentally impaired patients. ○ 6.2.e.5 - Identify possible abuse or neglect of the mentally impaired patient. ○ 6.2.e.6 - Demonstrate appropriate assessment techniques for the mentally impaired patient. ○ 6.2.e.7 - Integrate the approach, assessment, treatment and transport of the mentally impaired patient. ○ 6.2.e.8 - Justify approach, assessment, care and transport decisions of the mentally impaired patient.



Learning Objectives	Embedded Knowledge and Skills
O7.1.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 7.1.c.1 - Explain the purpose of all vehicle equipment ○ 7.1.c.2 - Explain the purpose of all vehicle devices. ○ 7.1.c.3 - Operate vehicle equipment correctly. ○ 7.1.c.4 - Operate all vehicle devices correctly.
O7.2	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 7.2.1 - Describe principles of defensive driving. ○ 7.2.2 - Apply techniques of defensive driving. ○ 7.2.3 – Operate an ambulance. ○ 7.2.4 – Operate ambulance equipment.
O7.4.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 7.4.a.1 - Identify the unique patient care principles for air medical transport. ○ 7.4.a.2 - Describe the preparation of patient for air medical transport.
O8.1.c	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 8.1.c.1 - List other members of the health care community. ○ 8.1.c.2 - Describe the roles of and relationship to other healthcare professionals. ○ 8.1.c.3 - Value working collaboratively with other health care professionals. ○ 8.1.c.4 - Demonstrate collaborative work with other health care professionals.
O8.2.a	By the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 8.2.a.1 - List community emergency response agencies. ○ 8.2.a.2 - Describe the roles of and relationship to other emergency response agencies. ○ 8.2.a.3 - Discuss mutual assistance and tiered-response. ○ 8.2.a.4 - Value collaborative work with other emergency response agencies. ○ 8.2.a.5 - Perform collaborative work with other emergency response agencies.

GRADING

Students in *PCP-127 Lab II* are evaluated through practical skills evaluations, simulated patient-care scenarios, formative practical checkpoints, remediation activities, and competency sign-off opportunities. Competency completion is tracked through CompTracker.



To receive a passing grade in *PCP-127 Lab II*, students must attain mastery in all required Term 2 Lab II competencies assigned to this course. Mastery is achieved when the student has successfully demonstrated the required competencies to the expected standard and all required competency records have been completed in CompTracker.

Formative practical checkpoints are mandatory course completion components. These checkpoints are used to evaluate student progression, identify areas requiring remediation, and confirm the student's ability to integrate assessment, treatment, communication, clinical reasoning, and patient safety in simulated patient-care scenarios.

A student who misses a formative practical checkpoint, practical evaluation, scheduled remediation activity, or required competency sign-off opportunity must complete an approved make-up or remediation process as directed by the Academy. A missed mandatory component is not waived by the course absence allowance and may result in an *Incomplete* until the required activity and any associated remediation are successfully completed.

Students who do not achieve mastery in all required Term 2 Lab II competencies, or who do not complete all mandatory course components, by the end of the course will receive an *Incomplete*, subject to program policy, remediation requirements, and applicable progression timelines.

CompTracker: Term 2 Lab II Competencies: Mastery Required

EXPECTATIONS & TIPS FOR SUCCESS

Preparation and Professional Standards:

Students are expected to arrive prepared for all pre-lab and lab sessions. This includes reviewing assigned materials, completing required pre-lab preparation, bringing required equipment, wearing the appropriate uniform, and being ready to participate in skills practice, simulated patient-care scenarios, competency sign-offs, and practical evaluations.

Professional behaviour is expected at all times. Students must demonstrate respectful communication, accountability, teamwork, patient dignity, safety awareness, and appropriate conduct in the lab environment. The lab setting is a shared professional learning space and should be treated in the same manner as a clinical or paramedic workplace.



Workload and Practice Expectations:

PCP-127 Lab II requires consistent practice outside scheduled class time. Students are responsible for developing and maintaining their psychomotor skills, clinical reasoning, communication, and scenario-management abilities throughout the course. Additional practice may be required to achieve competency mastery.

Lab Protocol:

Students are expected to participate actively, minimize unnecessary distractions, and follow all safety, equipment-use, infection-control, and simulation guidelines. Students must follow facilitator direction during skills stations, simulated scenarios, formative checkpoints, remediation activities, and competency sign-off opportunities.

Attendance and Mandatory Course Components:

Attendance is mandatory for all scheduled pre-lab and lab sessions unless otherwise approved by the Academy. Students are permitted a maximum of **6 absences** in *PCP-127 Lab II*.

This absence allowance does not waive mandatory course components. Formative practical checkpoints, practical evaluations, scheduled remediation activities, and required competency sign-off opportunities must be completed. A student who misses a mandatory course component must complete an approved make-up or remediation process as directed by the Academy.

Failure to complete required competencies, formative checkpoints, practical evaluations, remediation requirements, or other mandatory course components may result in an *Incomplete*, subject to program policy and applicable progression timelines.

Tardiness:

Tardiness is strongly discouraged and is inconsistent with professional paramedic practice. Students who arrive late may be required to wait until an appropriate break before entering the lab. Missed time may affect the student's ability to participate in required activities, complete competencies, or meet course requirements.



**OLS
Academy**

Primary Care Paramedicine 2026-27
Term 2 | Block 1 & 2
PCP-127 Lab II
OLS Academy
Course Outline
Cohort A

Absence Due to Special Circumstances or Illness:

Students must notify the Academy Manager as soon as possible if they are unable to attend due to illness or special circumstances. If an absence affects a formative checkpoint, practical evaluation, remediation activity, or required competency opportunity, the student may be required to provide verification and must complete an approved make-up or remediation process.

Academic Integrity:

Members of the OLS Academy community are expected to promote honesty, trust, fairness, respect, responsibility, and accountability. Academic integrity applies to all course activities, including practical evaluations, competency sign-offs, documentation, simulation participation, and communication with faculty and peers.

Communication Methods:

Most communication regarding *PCP-127 Lab II* will occur during scheduled course sessions. General course communication may also be sent from **academy@omnilifesupport.com**. Students may contact the Academy Manager at **rene.savoie@omnilifesupport.com**.

This outline is subject to change at the discretion of academy administrators.